## inlingua Leeds: Meeting Prevent obligations Policy



No	Policy item	Involving
1	Statement	Everyone
	inlingua Leeds understands its responsibilities under the Counter Terrorism &	
	Security Act 2015 to prevent people of all ages being radicalised or drawn into	
	terrorism and seeks to meet its obligations in the ways shown	
	below.	
2	Context	
	- inlingua Leeds accepts students aged over 18 throughout the year and from	
	many different countries around the world.	
	- In its busiest weeks it may have over 70 students at York House, 9 staff and	
	work with 5 homestay providers.	
	<ul> <li>inlingua Leeds has always promoted a multi-cultural environment where</li> </ul>	
	respect for and tolerance of others beliefs is required, as said in the Mission	
	Statement.	
	- The school is located in a suburb of Leeds, UK, a multi-cultural city.	
3	Strong Leadership	
	- Responsibility for ensuring Prevent Duty is met is with Darren Aydin (Managing	
	Director and Prevent Officer).	Darren Aydin
	- Responsibility for the Prevent risk assessment/action plan (see point 4 below) and	
	policy lies with Darren Aydin.	
	- His duties are to ensure delivery of an effective risk assessment/action plan and	
	policy as outlined here, in addition to the statements in the Anti-Radicalisation	
	Policy.	
4	Risk Assessment of current situation and Action Plan for future	Darren Aydir
	- A risk assessment/action plan has been produced showing what is already being	- , -
	done and what still needs to be done; it will be reviewed and updated at least	
	annually. Please see Prevent Risk Assessment.	
5	Working with local partners	Darren Aydin
	- Make and maintain contact with the local police/local authority Prevent	
	coordinator to understand their role and the support available, (e.g. via the	
	Channel process)	
	- Make contact with local authority to ascertain other useful local agencies.	
	- Develop local area Prevent links with other similar organisations.	
	- Share information with all local organisations as appropriate.	
6	Understanding terminology	To be
	- Radicalisation: act or process of making a person more radical or favouring of	transmitted
	extreme or fundamental changes in political, economic or social conditions,	to staff,
	institutions or habits of the mind.	students,
	- Extremism *: holding extreme political or religious views which may deny right to	homestays,
	any group or individual. Can be expressed in vocal or active opposition to	and other
	- Core British values: including	associates
	(i) democracy, (ii) the rule of law, (iii) individual liberty	
	(iv) respectful tolerance of different faiths or beliefs.	
	* NB: <b>extremism</b> can refer to a range of views, e.g. racism, homophobia, right-wing	
	ideology, as well as any religious extremism.	
7	Understanding risk of extremism	To be
	<ul> <li>Staff, students &amp; others (group leaders, homestays etc) may arrive at school</li> </ul>	transmitted
	already holding extremist views.	to staff
	- Or, whilst part of the school, they may be influenced by a range of factors: global	

8	events, peer pressure, media, family views, extremist materials via hardcopy or online, inspirational speakers, friends or relatives being harmed, social networks. - People who are vulnerable are more likely to be influenced. - Their vulnerability could stem from a range of causes: loss of identity or sense of belonging, isolation, exclusion, mental health problems, sense of injustice, personal crisis, victim of hate crime or discrimination, bereavement <b>Ways to counteract risks</b> - Promote a safe and supportive international environment via clear expectations of accepted behaviours and those, including radicalisation and extremism, that will not be tolerated. - Promote core British values through documents given to students, notices around school, via handbooks, inductions on arrival and via curriculum. Approach is to educate that this is how things are in UK; may be different to their country. - Where possible, develop critical awareness and thought to counter accepting extremism without question, especially of online material. - Challenge radical or extremist views in any context (formal or informal) via stated procedures. In most situations this would require an immediate response, referring to international environment of school, and tolerance expected, then reporting concerns (see section 10). - Be ready to react when world or local events (e.g. Paris attacks) cause upset and the likelihood of conflicting feelings being expressed. Prevent lead to take initiative in these situations. - Have clear rules on accessing extremist/terrorist websites/use of social networks to exchange extremist speakers do not use premises to distribute material or expound views; have system for vetting any visiting speakers/presenters. - Staff and homestays get to know students, their home circumstances and friendship groups. Through knowing students well, it is easier to spot changes in behaviour. - Welfare and all staff and homestays to work hard supporting any students identified as vulnerable.	Lead person to ensure (a) training for all staff, students, homestays, group leaders, sub- contractors so that (b) delivery is effective
9	<ul> <li>Training (aim is to provide more knowledge and confidence to all. Generic online training can be provided by Education and Training Foundation. Police/local authority also provide free face-to-face training called WRAP – Workshop Raising Awareness of Prevent. Generic training must be supplemented by each ELT organisation giving their own information to stakeholders, ensuring everything fits their context)</li> <li>Documents &amp; face to face training ensure staff understand this policy, i.e.</li> <li>i) understand context and expectations of Prevent</li> <li>ii) their duty to implement the policy</li> <li>iii) understand terminology and risks associated with radicalisation and extremism</li> <li>iv) how to identify and support vulnerable students</li> <li>v) ways the school will counteract the risks,</li> <li>vi) signs to notice that may cause concern</li> <li>vii) know the lead Prevent person and procedures for communicating concerns</li> <li>viii) know the importance of their own behaviour and professionalism in (a) being exemplars of British values and (b) not discussing inflammatory subjects with</li> </ul>	Darren Aydin to arrange regular training with police and other key personnel for staff, students, management and homestays.

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	students (Code of Conduct).	
	- Training materials are adapted to ensure that homestay hosts understand the	
	sections of the policy they need to be aware of.	
	- Students and group leaders must be made aware of key parts of the policy:	
	a) understanding terminology	
	b) importance of maintaining a supportive and tolerant society within school	
	c) what core British values are and why they are considered important	
	d) any changes to school rules, particularly those regarding IT	
	e) that they must report any concerns/incidents, and procedure for that.	
	Signs that may cause concern	Darren Aydir
	- Students talking about exposure to extremist materials or views outside school	to ensure all
	(in this event, information must be shared with relevant local authorities)	staff/
	- Changes in behaviour, e.g. becoming isolated	teachers
	- Fall in standard of work, poor attendance, disengagement	are aware
	- Changes in attitude, e.g. intolerant of differences /having closed mind	of signs
	- Asking questions about certain topics (e.g. connected to extremism)	
	- Offering opinions that appear to have come from extremist ideologies	
	- Attempts to impose own views/beliefs on others	
	- Use of extremist vocabulary to exclude others or incite violence	
	- Accessing extremist material online or via social network sites	
	- Overt new religious practices	
	- Drawings or posters (e.g. in accommodation) showing extremist ideology/views/	
	symbols	
	- Students voicing concerns about anyone	
	NB: Any concerns relating to a <b>person under 18</b> are <b>safeguarding</b> issues and should	
	be dealt with by safeguarding staff (if different from Prevent staff) and, where	
	necessary, the LSCB contacted.	
10	How and when to react to concerns	Darren Aydir
	- Everyone given name of who to contact via poster in reception, how to	to ensure
	contact them (email, phone etc) and contact details.	everyone
	- Confidentiality assured for the person reporting a concern.	has info.
	- Everyone told to report any concern or incident, however small.	
	- Reassurance that all will be dealt with sensitively and carefully.	
	Policy preparation and review	Darren Aydin
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11	Policy prepared by Daniela Prataviera after consultation with staff/associated	
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11	Policy prepared by Daniela Prataviera after consultation with staff/associated outside agencies on 02/02/2019.	Daniela

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